UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): November 9, 2018

PIERIS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Nevada001-37471EIN 30-0784346(State of(Commission(IRS EmployerIncorporation)File Number)Identification No.)

255 State Street, 9th Floor
Boston, MA 02109
United States
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 857-246-8998

	the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under the following provisions:
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
	by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (17 (230.405)) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 CFR §240.12b-2).
Emergi	ng Growth Company 区
	nerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying y new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 7.01: Regulation FD Disclosure.

On November 9, 2018, Pieris Pharmaceuticals, Inc. presented preclinical data regarding PRS-344. The poster is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

The information set forth under this "Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure," including the exhibits attached hereto, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits.

99.1 Conference Poster, Dated November 9, 2018.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PIERIS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Dated: November 9, 2018 /s/ Allan Reine

Allan Reine

Chief Financial Officer

Simultaneous costimulatory T-cell engagement and checkpoint inhibition by PRS-344/ONC0055, a 4-1BB / PD-L1 bispecific compound for tumor localized activation of the immune system



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Backgroun

Multiple lines of evidence show that 4-18B (CD137), a key costimulatory immunoreceptor, is a highly promising therapeutic target in cancer. Current antibody-based approaches showed immune cell activation not only in tumor tissues but also in the periphery, associated with dose-limiting on-target toxicity and a limited therapeutic window. To overcome this limitation, we generated PRs-344/ONC055, a 4-18B/PD-L1 bispecific Anticalin%antibody fusion protein. PRS-344/ONC055 is designed to promote 4-18B clustering on 4-18B-positive T cells only in presence of PD-L1 expressing cells. PD-L1, the primary ligand of the T-cell receptor PD-1, is widely expressed in the tumor microenvironment resulting in an inhibitory interaction with PD-1. Combining 4-18B-induced T-cell co-stimulation and expansion with anti-PD-L1 mediated immune checkpoint blockade may overcome the limitation of single agent therapy and offer benefit to ICP-resistant or non-responsive patients. PRS-344/ONC005 not only merges the potential of a combinational therapy in one molecule but also favors the localized activation of antigen-specific T cells in the tumor microenvironment, potentially reducing peripheral

Here we provide a preclinical dataset demonstrating that PRS-344/ONC0055 is capable of providing strong 4-18B-mediated T-cell co-stimulation that is strictly PD-L1 dependent and requires simultaneous TCR signalling thereby restricting T cell activation to antigen-specific, tumor-localized T cells. PRS-344/ONC0055 provides good target binding properties and pharmacokinetics supporting further development of this drug. This program is part of the strategic alliance between Pieris and Servier.

Concept: Tumor-localized co-stimulatory T cell activation combined with checkpoint blockade

PRS-344/ONC0055 clusters 4-1BB only in the presence of PD-L1^{tip()} expressing tumor and/or antigen-presenting cells in the tumor microenvironment or tumor-draining lymph node. At the same time, blocking the PD-1PD-1 interaction turther incresses T cell responsiveness. However, no clustering of 4-1BB is expected in the periphery where PD-L1 expression levels are

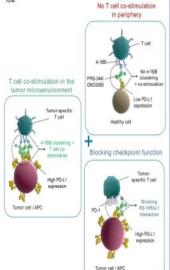
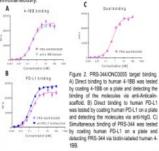


Figure 1. Concept of humo-locatized co-stimulatory T cell activation combined with immune developent blocksets. A Low PD-L1 expression in the perplayer is not able to sufficiently classer 4-188 which is expected to essure 4-188 gainsting. The results in a reduced risk of peripheral toxicity, E) High PD-L1 expression in the tumor incrementowment, presented on tumor cell endor 4PCs, before sufficient 4-188 classifiering resulting in a tumor-locaticed T cell co-stimulation, further enhancing TCR significing of tumor-specific T cell. Sci. He seater firms, the c-relativity PD-L1-PD-L1 puthway is afficiently blocked, abrogating suppression of tumor-specific T cells.

PRS-344/ONC0055 is capable of robust target engagement

PRS-344/ONC0055 bispecific demonstrates comparable target binding properties to 4-18B and PD-L1 as the respective single building blocks and is capable to bind both targets simultaneously.



PRS-344/ONC0055 recognizes functional relevant epitopes

PRS-344/ONC0055 bispecific effectively competes with PD-1 /PD-11 binding and shares an overlapping 4-18B binding epitope with clinically active anti-4-18B benchmark mAb.

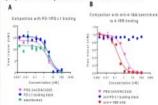


Figure 3. A) Competition to PD-1FD-11 trinding was assessed in an ELISA based format using coaled human PD-1 and human PD-1.1Fc as a fraction based of materials of the performance with anti-higs. B) Competition with an arisk-18B benchmark mich was assessed in an ELISA based format using coaled anti-hill benchmark mich and human 4-18B-bictin as a tracer. Detection was performed via Eurharistn-HRP.

PRS-344/ONC0055-mediated costimulation is

4-1BB clustering and downstream signaling mediated by PRS-344/0NC0055 in presence of a PD-L1-positive cell line are significantly stronger than those of the benchmark anti-4-1BB mAb and are strictly PD-L1 dependent

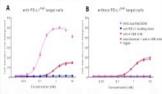


Figure 4. PRS-344/ONC0056-mediated co-stimulatory activity was measured in Jurkat-4-188-NF-x8 reporter cell line. A) in presence or B) absence of PD-L1-positicolor cancer cell line RKO.

PRS-344/ONC0055 bispecific retains full checkpoint blockade capacity

PRS-344/ONC0055 retains checkpoint blockade activity simila to anti-PD-L1 mAb building block and atezolizumab

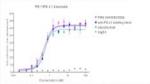


Figure 5. PD-1/PD-L1 checkpoint blockade activity was assessed in a Jurkat-PD-1 NFAT reporter cell line co-cultured with PD-L1 expressing CHO cells.

PRS-344/ONC0055 demonstrates synergistic effection in T cell activation

The combination of atezolizumab and anti-4-1BB benchmark demonstrates the strong synergistic effect of T cell costimulation and checkpoint blockade in T cell activation. Wh. PRS-344/ONC0055, this synergistic effect is massively

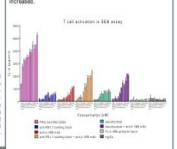
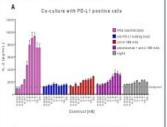
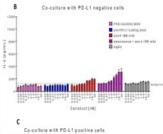


Figure 8. PBMCs from healthy blood donors were stimulated with 0.1 roght SEB in presence of various concentrations of constructs. After 3 days, 11.2 scentration levels were measured from the supervisions. Exemptiny data is shown. Boddgoroutd 1..2 levels was 3.5 pg/ml (PBMC + SEB without constructs), the increases in 11..2 secretion observed when PBMC were not activated with SEB (not shown with SEB) and coherence when PBMC were not activated with SEB (not shown as the second sh

PRS-344/ONC0055-mediated T cell activation is PD-L1 dependent and only occurs in combination with TCR activation

PRS-344/ONC0055-mediated co-stimulation is strictly PD-L1 dependent, reducing the risk of peripheral toxicity. In addition, co-stimulation only occurs in combination with simultaneous TCR signaling, further restricting PRS-344/ONC0055-mediated co-stimulation to antigen-specific T cells.





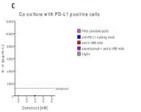


Figure 7. Pan T cells from healthy blood donors were co-cultured in 0.25 µg/mil and-CD3 milb coated plates in presence of various concentrations of constructs with A). PSQ-L1 transferded CD1 cells cell product transferded CD1 cells CD, 50 n Mol reduccomtruct were added to Pan T cells co-cultured with PD-L1 transferded CHO cells in advance of anti-CD3 mAb which is activating TCR signaling. Background = Pan T cells + anti-CD3 mAb + target cell line.

PRS-344/ONC0055 induces an effective CD8 T cel response in a mixed lymphocyte reaction

PRS-344/ONC0055 induces an effective CD8 T cell response in MLR shown by secretion of several cytokines and cytotoxic molecules which is superior to combination of benchmarks.

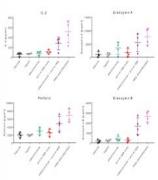


Figure 9. CDB T carls were co-cultured for 8 days with minure monocya-derived clerificial calls from another haulthy blood donc. Cyclairle secretion was measured from the supernatin Results are shown for LL2. Granzyne A. Granzyne B and Perforn. Similar results were obtained for IFNy, TNFo, GM-CSF, L-13, L-5, soluble Fast, IRPF-10 and IMP-15, In ordange in secretion levels observed for IL-6. Graphs show results of 4 different donors.

RS-344/ONC0055 displays antibody-lik

The mab-like half-life of the anti-PD-L1 mAb building block is preserved within PRS-344/ONC0055.

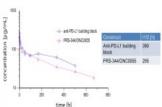


Figure 9. PK was analyzed in male CD1 mice of about 6 weeks of age. Animals were injected with 10 mg/kg of the respective construct and plasma samples taken at the indicated timpoprint, DA-positive samples were removed and a non-compartmental analysis performed.

Conclusion

- PRS-344/ONC0055 is a 4-1BB/PD-L1 bispecific based on the genetic fusion of a high-affinity 4-1BB-binding Anticalin® molety and an anti-PD-L1 mAb.
- Target binding is retained in the bispecific format and both arms of the PRS-344 bispecific are functional.
- PRS-344/ONC0055-mediated 4-1BB activation is strictly PD-L1 dependent potentially reducing the risk of peripheral toxicity. Furthermore, 4-1BB co-stimulation only occurs in combination with simultaneous TCR signaling further reducing the risk of peripheral toxicity by limiting co-stimulation to antigen-specific T cells.
- PRS-344/ONC0055 induces an effective CD8 T cell response by secretion of several cytokines and cytotoxic molecules.
- PRS-344/ONC0055 demonstrates strong synergistic effect in T cell activation which is more pronounced than the combination of benchmarks.
- In mice, PRS-344/ONC0055 displays antibody-like pharmacokinetics.

The here-reported preclinical data support proceeding to further development of PRS-344/ONC0055.